

FEATURES OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ACTIVITIES OF TOURIST AND RECREATIONAL COMPLEXES IN UZBEKISTAN

Mirzaev Abdullajon Topilovich

*Associate professor of Fergana state university, doctor of economics (DSc)
712000, Fergana City, Murabbiylar Street, 19*

ARTICLE INFO.

Keywords:

Tourism industry, tourist enterprises, recreation, tourist-recreational activities, tourist-recreational complex, tourism cluster, investment mechanism.

Annotation

The article examines the features of the development of the activities of tourist and recreational complexes in Uzbekistan. In the process of research, the structural structure of the tourist-recreational complex and the stages of formation and development of tourist-recreational complexes were developed. The formation and development of this activity in the structure of the tourism services market is based on the possibility of increasing the multiplicative effect for the industry in the future.

<http://www.gospodarkainnowacje.pl/> © 2022 LWAB.

INTRODUCTION

Scientific research is being carried out on the development of tourist recreational activities in the world on the basis of the law of supply and demand, increasing its change in the volume of gross domestic product and per capita services, providing the population with new jobs in the regions and improving organizational and economic mechanisms of management at enterprises of the industry. In this regard, the expansion of horizontal and vertical management structures in tourist-recreational enterprises, the use of digital booking systems at the global and local levels, the improvement of management models and mechanisms that ensure the effectiveness of activities by filling them with the necessary elements (structure participants, management methods, resource components), as well as the creation of a multiplicative effect at the, in countries with a recreational resource base, the priority areas are to carry out scientific research to improve the methodology for managing tourist-recreational activities.

In the context of the implementation of structural changes in the comprehensive development of the tourism services sector in our country, reforms on the development of the tourist-recreational services network continue at the stage of creating a regulatory framework. The dominant development of regions with high tourist-recreational potential on the basis of resource potential gives a relatively high effect in the rapid and balanced development of territories.

The tourist and recreational activities and potential of countries are directly related to the level of their development, socio-economic, natural conditions, that is, the development of natural complexes, technical infrastructure with the development of the industrial network, service system, culture, art science, that is, in a word, the natural and economic geographical position of countries.

For the development of the recreational tourism sector in our country, it is necessary to study the reserves of the potential of tourism-recreational activities, develop interregional and interregional

zoning and measures to effectively use the existing potential. Uzbekistan ranks among the world's leading countries in terms of tourist-recreational potential. The first task in the development of this sector of the tourist services market is to effectively use these resources to create the theoretical foundations of this direction for the rapid development of the recreational tourism sector.

ANALYSIS OF LITERATURE

"Recreation" (in Polish, rekreacja – means rest, recreation – restoration) is understood as the restoration of the forces that a person has lost during labor activity. [1].

Today, recreational production is becoming a shell that removes stresses, neuromuscular pressures. [2].

Despite the fact that the term is used as a term by a number of researchers in the field, there are different approaches to its content and essence.

V.A.Kvartalnov believes that Recreation is a process of restoring the physical, intellectual and emotional strength of a person in an expanded way. According to the definition of the US National Tourism Policy Research Center, recreation is the process of personal use of human leisure. [3].

Z.Usmanova's research, the concept of recreation is interpreted in the form of restoring health and labor through rest outside the home, for example, on tourist trips to nature, in a sanatorium-resort, health-improving institution. [4].

Different definitions were given by researchers who conducted scientific research on the term recreation, summarizing them in Z.T.By abdulhakimov: "recreation – this is a socio-economic definition, which includes places (picturesque places of nature, high mountain and foothill areas, watershed Heights, streams, waterfalls, natural monuments and reserves, a sanatorium designed for treatment and Recreation, tourist bases, historical monuments, museums, various exhibitions, theaters, various cultural evenings and events), in which a person can restore his working capacity in a natural environment [5]. Because recreation-involves not only the restoration of the ability to work, but also the acquisition of mental rest, physical and mental energy.

In our opinion, it is worthwhile to understand recreation in the sense that people can restore their health and ability to work at recreational facilities, go to various places of nature through tourism, and visit architectural and historical monuments. Recreation consists of several areas within itself, which include the restoration of Health in the resort-Sanatorium and other similar facilities, tourist access to the beautiful meat of nature (river, lake, forest, mountain, cave, waterfall, etc.) includes going, playing sports and getting acquainted with unique historical and architectural monuments.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

The tourist-recreational complex is one of the main forms of the tourist-recreational system, and the complex purposefully operates enterprises in various sectors (suppliers of goods and services) to meet the needs of customers concentrated in a specific area, providing tourist-recreational resources and infrastructure. This definition is based on the synthesis of selected approaches to the main forms of the tourist-recreational complex, taking into account the main aspects identified.

Analysis of structural approaches to the elements of the tourist-recreational complex shows that the object can be studied in two directions: in the direction of the classification of enterprises that are part of the tourist-recreational complex (TRM), as well as in the direction of the integrated structure of the complex (figure 1).

The holistic structure of the tourist-recreational complex consists of the following main structures:

- resource structure-mixed objects formed from the combination of tourist resources, natural-recreational objects, anthropogenic objects and all three types of resources;
- management structure-state bodies coordinating tourist and recreational activities, as well as tour

operators and tour operators participating in the process of organizing activities;

- technological structure-enterprises of supply and transport infrastructure, engineering networks and means of communication and systems;
- infrastructure enterprises offering additional (trade, household, financial, security and other) services;
- Production (service) structure-placement, catering, leisure and entertainment services carrying out the main activities (offering recreational products), as well as other enterprises of the complex.

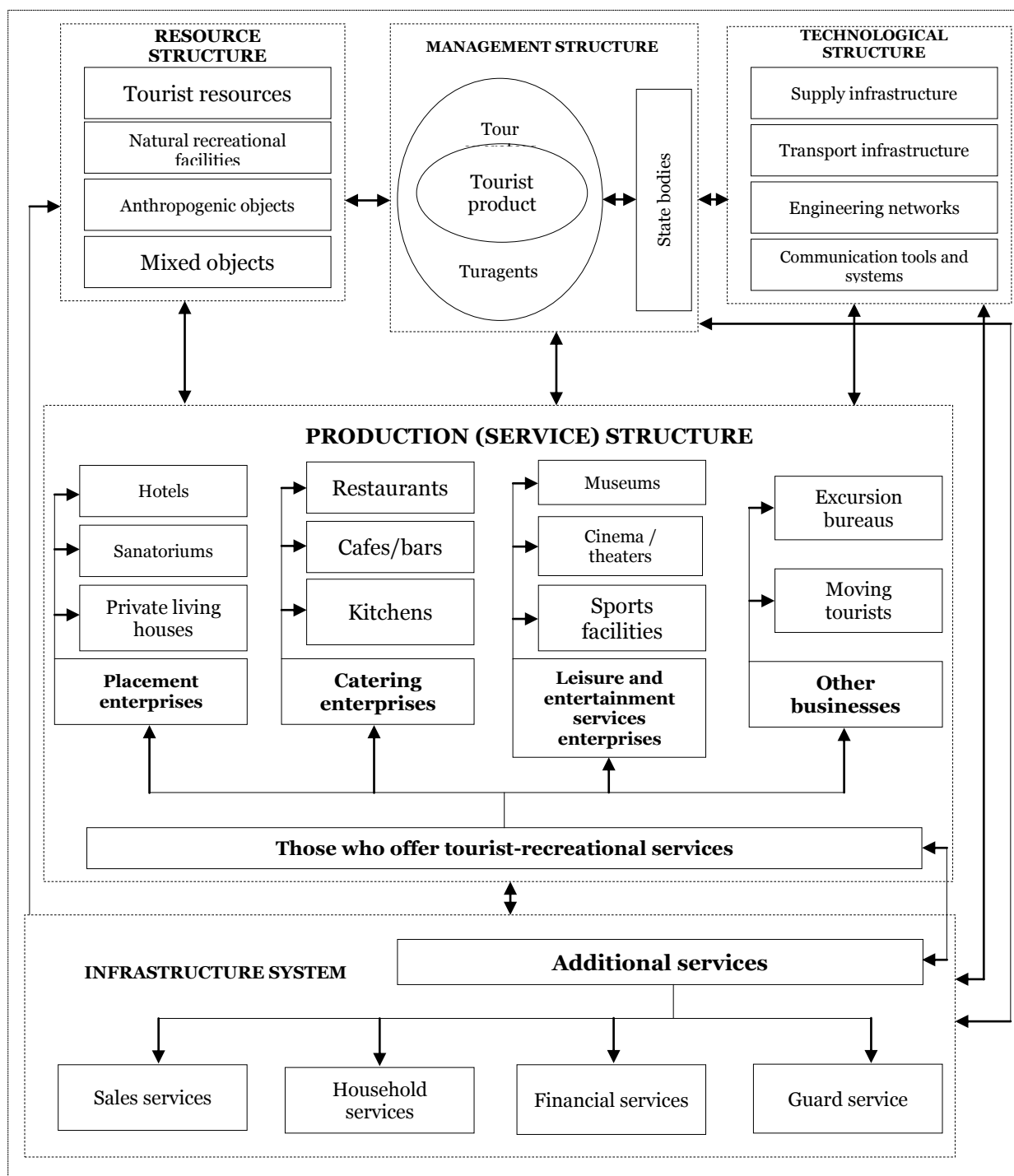


Figure1. Structure of the tourist-recreational complex¹

If the enterprises that are part of the above-mentioned 5 structures together form an integrated structure of the complex, then the following enterprises, which are part of the production (service) structure, form the main core of the complex:

- placement enterprises – hotels, sanatoriums, sanatoriums, private living houses;
- catering establishments – restaurants, cafes (bars), canteens and others;
- leisure and entertainment service enterprises – museums, cinema (theater), sports facilities, natural and artificial landscapes, etc.;
- Other enterprises of the service structure are excursion bureaus, enterprises of the tourist relocation service, etc.

4 groups of enterprises that are part of the production (service) structure are the enterprises of the complex that offer tourist-recreational services, and the main type of tourist-recreational product of the complex is created and presented to customers by them.

The level of integration of the tourist-Recreational Complex, the resource base and infrastructure of the territory in which the complex is located, as well as factors affecting the development of activities, determine the effectiveness of the complex.

The level of integration of the tourist-Recreational Complex, the resource base and infrastructure of the territory in which the complex is located, as well as factors affecting the development of activities, determine the effectiveness of the complex.

In general, tourist-recreational complexes can be of dual importance for the economy of the territory in which they are located:

- for regions specializing in tourist-recreational activities, the complex acts as a management system;
- tourist-recreational activities act as a managed system in areas that are not fundamental for the development of the territory's economy.

The mechanisms for the development of tourist-recreational complexes in general are as follows:

- investment mechanism;
- organizational mechanism;
- regulatory mechanism;
- financial mechanism;
- recreational product incentive mechanism;
- human resources mechanism.

¹ Developed by author.

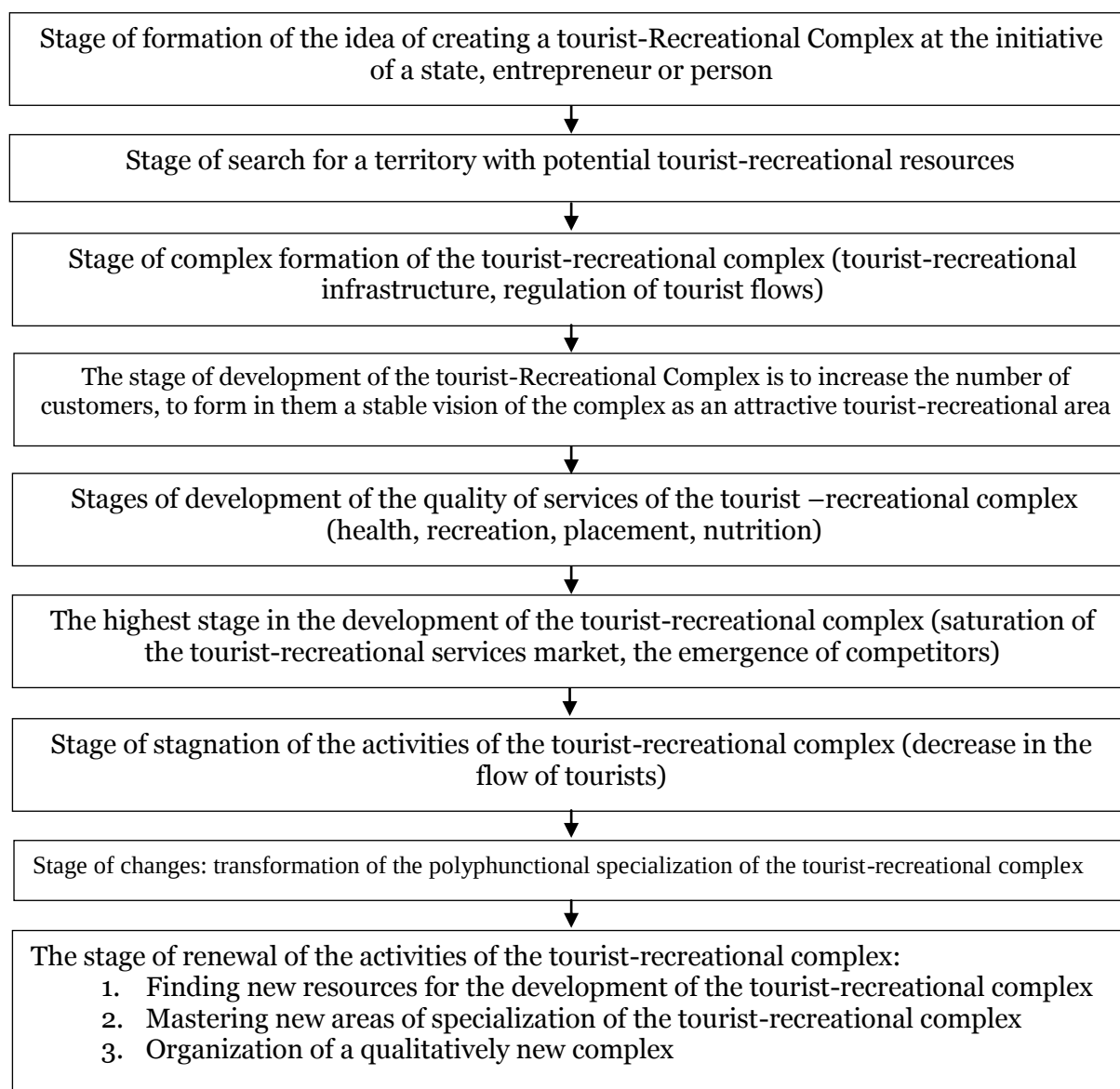


Figure 2. Stages of formation and development of tourist-recreational complexes²

For the tourist-recreational complex, such factors as ensuring the effective functioning and development of objects of the complex are priority, such as means of mechanisms as investment, financial, personnel and advertising. Investment and organizational mechanisms ensure the formation of tourist-recreational complexes and the integrated development of territories in tourist-recreational zones that combine complexes.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

The use of the above mechanisms and means selected for the formation and development of tourist-recreational complexes makes it possible to achieve:

- formation of a tourist-recreational system consisting of tourist-recreational complexes and aimed at customer service;
- ensuring the integrated use of the area with high recreational potential with the development of the main activity structure and supporting infrastructure;

² Муаллиф томонидан ишлаб чиқилган.

- with the development of the activities of tourist and recreational complexes, it is possible to increase local and regional budget revenues (tax revenues), create new jobs and manage investment processes in the economy of the region.

LITERATURE

1. Кусков. А.С, Голубева. В.Л, Одинцова. Т.Н. Рекреационная география. Учебно-методический комплекс.-М.: МПСИ, Флинта. 2005.
2. Кузьмичев В.Е. Рекреация и природные рекреационные ресурсы. // Материалы по дополнительному экологическому образованию учащихся (сборник статей). Вып. III Под ред. М.Н. Сионовой и Э.А. Поляковой. Калуга: КГПУ им. К.Э. Циолковского - 2007.- С. 2-3
3. Квартальнов В.А. Туризм. Учебник. – М.: Финансы и статистика, 2003. – 320 с.
4. Усманова З.И. Ўзбекистонда туристик – рекреацион хизматлари ривожлантириш хусусиятлари ва тенденциялари. Иқтисодий фанлари бўйича фалсафа доктори (PhD) илмий даражасини олиш учун ёзилган диссертация автореферати. –СамИСИ, 2018 й. - 12 б.
5. Абдулҳакимов З.Т. Минтақада рекреациядан фойдаланишнинг ташкилий-иқтисодий асосларини такомиллаштириш (Наманган вилояти мисолида). Иқтисодий фанлари бўйича фалсафа доктори (PhD) илмий даражасини олиш учун ёзилган диссертация автореферати. – СамИСИ, 2019 й. - 12 б.
6. Мирзаев А.Т. Туристик-рекреация корхоналари фаолиятини бошқаришнинг иқтисодий самарадорлиги таҳлили // Иқтисодий ва таълим. -2019, №6. 214-219-б.
7. Mirzaev A.T. Assessment of cluster formation in management of recreational activity. International Scientific Journal “Theoretical & Applied Science”, Philadelphia, USA. 04, (84), 2020. – 605-610-pp. -ISSN: 2308-4944. <http://T-Science.org>
8. Mirzaev A.T. Evaluation of innovation capacity resource components in effective management of recreational clusters on the basis of econometric analysis. EPRA International Journal of Research and Development (IJRD). India. Volume: 5 Issue: 7 July 2020. –P.131-137. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36713/epra4790>
9. Мирзаев А.Т. Совершенствование системы электронного бронирования как часть цифрования управленческой деятельности туристско-рекреационных предприятий. Бюллетень науки и практики. Нижневартовск, Россия. Т. 6. №8. 2020. – 99-104 б. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.33619/2414-2948/57>
10. Мирзаев А.Т. Ўзбекистонда туристик-рекреация корхоналари фаолиятини бошқаришнинг ташкилий-иқтисодий механизмларини такомиллаштириш. Ишлаб чиқаришнинг кластер усулида ташкил этишнинг зарурияти. Бизнес-Daily медиа. -2020, №1. -62-65-б.
11. Мирзаев А.Т. Ўзбекистонда туристик-рекреация хизматларини бошқариш жараёнига омиллар таъсирини баҳолаш. Хитойда саноатлашувни жадаллаштиришда кластерлаш модели хусусиятлари. Бизнес-Daily медиа. -2020, №6. -57-61-б.
12. Мирзаев А.Т. Туристик-рекреация кластерларини бошқаришда инновацион салоҳиятнинг ресурс компонентини баҳолаш услуги // Иқтисодий ва инновацион технологиялар. -2020, №4. 4/2020 (№ 00048). 390-401 б. <http://iqtisodiyot.tsue.uz>
13. Мирзаев А.Т. Туристик-рекреация хизматлар бозорида бошқарув тизимини ривожлантириш истикболлари// Иқтисодий ва таълим. -2020, №4. 247-252-б.
14. Мирзаев А.Т. Рекреацион – туризм кластерларини яратиш ёхуд улар орқали ҳудудларда сайёҳлик тизимини ривожлантириш истикболлари // Бизнес-эксперт. Фонд бозорлари

- фаолияти самараси ва унга тижорат банклари фаолияти таъсири. Бизнес-Daily медиа. -2017, №12. -21-24-б.
15. Мирзаев А.Т. Туристик-рекреация объектлари кластерларини шакллантириш механизмларини баҳолаш // Иқтисодиёт ва таълим. -2018, №6. -207-213-б.
 16. Мирзаев А.Т. Туристик хизматлар бозорида рекреацион туризм хизматларига талабнинг ўзгаришлар таълими // Иқтисодиёт ва таълим. -2019, №1. 214-219-б.
 17. Мирзаев А.Т. Оценка использования рекреационных возможностей на рынке туристических услуг // Региональная экономика: теория и практика - 2019. №5 (464). Россия. С.990-1002.
 18. Мирзаев А.Т. Совершенствование интегральной оценки механизма рекреационно-туристических объектов // Бюллетень науки и практики. 2019. Т. 5. №2. <https://doi.org/10.33619/2414-2948/39>. Нижневартовск, Россия. С.127-134.
 19. Mirzaev, A.T. (2018) "The level of use of tourist attractions in the regions and the factors affecting them," *Economics and Innovative Technologies*: Vol. 2018: No.3, Article19. Available at: <https://uzjournals.edu.uz/iqtisodiyot/vol2018/iss3/19>
 20. Mirzaev A. T. Estimation of the prospects for the use of recreational facilities in the market of tourism services //Наука сегодня: вызовы, перспективы и возможности [Текст]. – 2018. – С. 76.
 21. Mirzaev A.T. Туристик-рекреация кластерларини бошқаришда инновацион салоҳиятнинг ресурс компонентини баҳолаш услубиёти “Iqtisodiyot va innovatsion texnologiyalar” ilmiy elektron jurnali. № 4, iyul-avgust, 2020 yil. 390-401 б.
 22. Мирзаев А.Т. Методологические основы развития и повышения конкурентоспособности туристско-рекреационной деятельности// Бюллетень науки и практики. 2021. Т. 7. №10. <https://doi.org/10.33619/2414-2948/71/33>. Нижневартовск, Россия. С.283-293.
 23. Mirzaev Abdullajon Topilovich. (2021). Economic evaluation of multiplicative efficiency on the basis of generalized indicators of resource components in tourist recreation activities. *European Journal of Research Development and Sustainability*, 2(6), 107-114. Retrieved from <https://scholarzest.com/index.php/ejrd/article/view/1004>
 24. Мирзаев А.Т. Туризм-рекреацияси хизматлар бозорида рақамлаштиришнинг ялпи талаб ўзгаришига таъсири таълими // Иқтисодиёт ва инновацион технологиялар. -2021, №3. 3/2021 (№ 00053). 386-397 б. <http://iqtisodiyot.tsue.uz>.
 25. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). Управление туристско-рекреационной деятельностью как фактор формирования стратегического планирования предпринимательства. In *Наука сегодня: теория и практика: Материалы международной научно-практической конференции. Вологда* (р. 21).
 26. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). Эффективные методы управления и государственной поддержки туристско-рекреационной сферы в узбекистане. *Наука сегодня: опыт, традиции, инновации [Текст]: материалы*, 41.
 27. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). Современные аспекты управления туристско-рекреационной сферой Республики Узбекистан. *Инновационные исследования как локомотив развития современной науки от теоретических парадигм к практике*, 312-318.
 28. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2018). Рекреацион туризм хизматлари бозорини ривожлантириш орқали аҳоли бандлигини таъминлаш хусусиятлари. *Бизнес-Daily медиа*, (11), 63-66.
 29. Mirzaev, A. (2019). Perfection of the integral evaluation of the mechanism of recreational and tourist objects. *Bulletin of Science and Practice*.

30. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2019). Ўзбекистон ҳудудларида туристик-рекреация объектларидан самарали фойдаланиш механизмини такомиллаштириш. *Иқтисодиёт фанлари бўйича фалсафа доктори (PhD) диссертацияси автореферати. СамИСИ*, 58.
31. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). Туристтик-рекреация фаолиятини бошқаришда электрон резервлаш тизимидан фойдаланиш афзалликлари. *Xorazm ta'min akademiyasi axborotnomasi*, (9), 99-104.
32. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2021). Теоретические аспекты развития процессов управления туристско-рекреационной деятельностью. *Наука сегодня: фундаментальные и прикладные исследования*, 19.
33. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2018). Миллий ўйинлар орқали туристик кластерларни ривожлантириш. *Бизнес-Daily медиа*, (4), 83-85.
34. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). Инвестиционная составляющая развития туристического и рекреационного потенциала республики Узбекистан. *Наука сегодня: проблемы и перспективы развития [Текст]: ма*, 51.
35. Mirzaev, A. (2020). Improving the Electronic Booking System as a Part of Digitization of Management Activities of Recreational Enterprises. *Bulletin of Science and Practice*, 6(8), 165-172.
36. Topilovich, M. A. (2022). IMPROVING THE MECHANISMS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ACTIVITY IN THE FIELD OF TOURISM IN UZBEKISTAN. *ASIA PACIFIC JOURNAL OF MARKETING & MANAGEMENT REVIEW ISSN: 2319-2836 Impact Factor: 7.603*, 11(10), 124-136.
37. Topilovich, M. A. (2022). HEALTHCARE FIELD MANAGEMENT AND ACTIVITY MULTIFACTOR MODEL BASED DEVELOPMENT PROSPECTS. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE & INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH ISSN: 2277-3630 Impact factor: 7.429*, 11(08), 117-129.
38. Topilovich, M. A. MANAGEMENT OF TOURIST AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES IN UZBEKISTAN: ANALYSIS, TRENDS AND PROSPECTS.
39. Mirzaev, A. (2021). Туризм-рекреациясиси хизматлар бозорида ракамлаштиришнинг ялпи талаб ўзгаришига таъсири таҳлили. *Iqtisodiyot va innovatsion texnologiyalar*, (3), 392-403.
40. Мирзаев, А. (2021). ҲУДУДИЙ ТУРИСТИК-РЕКРЕАЦИЯ ФАОЛИЯТИНИ РИВОЖЛАНТИРИШДА БОШҚАРУВ ҚАРОРЛАРИ ҚАБУЛ ҚИЛИШ МЕТОДОЛОГИЯСИНИ КОГНИТИВ ЁНДАШУВ АСОСИДА ТАКОМИЛЛАШТИРИШ. *Экономика и образование*, (5), 390-398.
41. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2021). Особенности развития рекреационной деятельности на рынке туристических услуг. *Наука сегодня: проблемы и перспективы развития [Текст]: ма*, 28.
42. Мирзаев, А. Т. (2020). ТУРИСТИК-РЕКРЕАЦИЯ КЛАСТЕРЛАРИДА ИННОВАЦИОН ФАОЛИЯТНИ БОШҚАРИШНИНГ КРОСС-ИННОВАЦИЯЛАР АСОСИДАГИ МОДЕЛИ. *Вестник КГУ им. Бердаха. №*, 4, 37.
43. Mirzaev, A. (2018). Ҳудудларда туристик рекреация объектларидан фойдаланиш даражаси ва уларга таъсир этувчи омиллар таҳлили. *Iqtisodiyot va innovatsion texnologiyalar*, (3), 164-170.
44. Topilovich, M. A. MANAGEMENT OF TOURIST AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES IN UZBEKISTAN: ANALYSIS, TRENDS AND PROSPECTS.
45. Ханкелдиева Г. Ш. Перспективы развития электроэнергетической отрасли Республики Узбекистан в условиях модернизации экономических отношений // Бюллетень науки и

- практики. Электрон. журн. 2017. №12 (25). С. 293-299. Режим доступа: <http://www.bulletennauki.com/honkeldiyeva-g>
46. Ханкелдиева Г.Ш. Особенности корпоративного управления в акционерных обществах с государственным участием // Бюллетень науки и практики. Электрон. журн. 2017. №11 (24). С. 357-363. Режим доступа: <http://www.bulletennauki.com/honkeldiyeva>
 47. Khankeldieva G.Sh. Theoretical and economic prerequisites for the development of regional industrial clusters in the economy of the republic of uzbekistan // EPRA International Journal of Research and Development (IJRD). – 2020. – pp.234-240. <https://doi.org/10.36713/epra.4855>.
 48. Khankeldieva G.Sh. Prospects of the development of investment activity in the field of tourist services: problems and ways of solution. // International Scientific Journal “Theoretical & Applied Science”, Philadelphia, USA. 10, (78), 2019. – 160-165 pp.
 49. Асрақулов А.С. Ўзбекистонда аҳоли бандлигидаги тенденцияларнинг эконометрик тадқиқи / Иқтисодиёт ва таълим, 2019, №5. 86–89-б. (Asrakulov A.S. Econometric research of trends in employment of population in Uzbekistan / Economics and Education, 2019, #5. 86-89 pp.).
 50. Asrakulov A.S. Multi-Factor Modeling And Forecasting Of Employment Indicators In The National Labor Market Of Uzbekistan // The American Journal of Management and Economics Innovations. –2020, 2/12. pp. –27-47.
 51. Асрақулов, А. С. (2020). Некоторые аспекты методологии определения неформальной занятости в Узбекистане и определения её границ. Финансово-правовые и инновационные аспекты инвестирования экономики региона, 698-704.
 52. Асрақулов А. Бандлик моделлари тадқиқи этишга концептуал ёндашувлар. Biznes Expert. 2019(142):10.
 53. Асрақулов, А. (2020). Ўзбекистонда аҳоли бандлигидаги тенденцияларнинг эконометрик тадқиқи. Иқтисодиёт ва таълим, (5), 86-89.
 54. Жураева, Н.К. (2021). Некоторые аспекты совершенствования управленческих механизмов жилищно-коммунальных услуг в узбекистане. *Бюллетень науки и практики*, 7(12), 246-255.
 55. Жураева, Н. К. (2021). К Проблемам совершенствования экономических моделей управления предприятием. In *Материалы международной научно-практической конференции, г. Вологда, 31 августа 2021 г* (р. 12).
 56. Жураева, Н. К. (2021). Уй-жой коммунал хизматлари соҳаси фаолиятини бошқариш механизмлари тақомиллаштириш. *Хоразм Маъмун академияси ахборотномаси*, (6), 152.
 57. JURAEVA, N.K. (2021). Theoretical and methodological foundations of housing and communal services management. *Theoretical & applied science Учредители: Теоретическая и прикладная наука*, (9), 10-16.
 58. Жураева, Н.К. (2020). Показатели оценки эффективности оказания услуг в жилищно-коммунальном хозяйстве. *Наука сегодня: факты, тенденции, прогнозы [Текст]: материа*, 29.
 59. Жураева, Н.К. (2020). Теоретические вопросы управления системой жилищно-коммунального хозяйства. *IX Global science and innovations*.
 60. NK Juraeva. (2022) Уй-жой коммунал хизматлари соҳаси фаолиятини бошқариш механизмлари тақомиллаштириш - *Nazariy va amaliy tadqiqotlar xalqaro jurnali*
 61. Жўраева, Н.К. (2021). Уй-жой коммунал соҳаси корхоналари рақобатбардошлиги ва хизматлар сифатини бошқариш жараёнига омиллар таъсирини баҳолаш. *ЛОГИСТИКА ВА*

ИҚТИСОДИЁТ" ИЛМИЙ ЭЛЕКТРОН ЖУРНАЛИ. Kielce: Laboratorium Wiedzy Artur Borcuch.

62. Жураева, Н.К. (2021). Коммунал хўжалигининг жамият ҳаётидаги ўрни. *Наука сегодня: проблемы и перспективы развития [Текст]: ма*, 23.
63. Khamidov, E. T. U. (2022). IMPACT OF HIGH-SKILLED MIGRATION ON THE ECONOMY. *Gospodarka i Innowacje.*, 29, 101-107.
64. Khamidov, E. T. U. (2022). Nature of Labor Migration and Characteristics of its Emergence. *American Journal of Economics and Business Management*, 5(11), 86-90.
65. Hamidov, E. T. O. G. L. (2022). CAUSES, SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES AND ECONOMIC IMPACT OF LABOR MIGRATION. *Scientific progress*, 3(2), 1064-1068.
66. Tursunali o'g'li, X. E. (2022). MARKAZIY OSIYODA MIGRATSIYA SIYOSATI VA IJTIMOIIY, IQTISODIY VA SIYOSIY BEQARORLIK SHAROITIDA YUQORI MALAKALI ISHCHI KUCHINI O'ZBEKISTONGA JALB ETISH CHORA TADBIRLARI. *RESEARCH AND EDUCATION*, 1(2), 341-348.
67. Жумакулов, З. И., & Кундузова, Қ. И. (2020). Қишлоқ хўжалигини ривожлантириш ва озиқовқат хавфсизлигини таъминлаш. In *Минтақа Иқтисодиётини Инвестициялашнинг Молиявий-Ҳуқуқий Ва Инновацион Жиҳатлари* (pp. 604-608).
68. Jumakulov, Z., & Madaminov, A. (2022). Economic Factors of Introduction of the "University 3.0" Concept in Uzbekistan. *Periodica Journal of Modern Philosophy, Social Sciences and Humanities*, 12, 143-146.
69. Jumakulov, Z. I. (2022). IMPLEMENTATION OF PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP RELATIONS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS IN UZBEKISTAN. *Gospodarka i Innowacje.*, 30, 104-108
70. Jumakulov, Z., & Kunduzova, Q. I. (2021). Financial Independence in the Higher Education System of the Republic of Uzbekistan: Results and Conclusions. *Middle European Scientific Bulletin*, 19, 236-241.